

- 1.** Converse of Corresponding Angles Theorem
- 2.** Alternate Interior Angles Theorem
- 3.** Same-Side Interior Angles Postulate
- 4.** Corresponding Angles Theorem
- 5.** Converse of Alternate Interior Angles Theorem
- 6.** Vertical Angles Theorem
- 7.** Converse of Corresponding Angles Theorem
- 8.** Corresponding Angles Theorem
- 9.** Converse of Same-Side Interior Angles Postulate
- 10.** Answers may vary. Sample:  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 4$ ,  $\angle 5$  and  $\angle 8$
- 11.** Answers may vary. Sample:  $\angle 3$  and  $\angle 9$ ,  $\angle 8$  and  $\angle 6$
- 12.** Answers may vary. Sample:  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 2$ ,  $\angle 5$  and  $\angle 6$
- 13.** Answers may vary. Sample:  $\angle 3$  and  $\angle 2$ ,  $\angle 2$  and  $\angle 6$
- 14.** Answers may vary. Sample:  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 5$ ,  $\angle 4$  and  $\angle 9$
- 15.** Answers may vary. Sample: The alternate interior angles have to be congruent, not complementary, for two of the lines to be parallel. If the angles are both  $45^\circ$  angles, then they are both congruent and complementary.
- 16.** Answers may vary. Check students' work.